



Time Local/ Length Width Persons Damage
Location Date Standard (Miles) (Yards) Killed Injured Property Crops Character of Storm

WISCONSIN, Southeast

WIZ070-072 Walworth - Kenosha

31 0400CST 0 0 0 Heavy Snow

Southeast Wisconsin experienced its first heavy snow event of the 2001-02 winter season when 6 to 9 inches of heavy, wet snow fell over parts of Walworth and Kenosha counties. The southeast half of Walworth County, and most of Kenosha County received more than 6 inches. Wheatland and Siliver Lake, both in western Kenosha County, picked up 9 and 8 inches, respectively. Genoa City and Lake Geneva, both in southeastern Walworth County, measured 8.6 and 7.5 inches, respectively. Based on newspaper accounts, slippery roads resulted in dozens of vehicle accidents. Although accumulating snow began about 2100CST on January 30th, storm totals didn't exceed 6 inches until about 0400CST on the 31st. Elsewhere across southcentral and southeast Wisconsin more than 4 inches fell southeast of a line from Brodhead (Green Co.) to Port Washington (Ozaukee Co.). Small areas of Milwaukee, Racine, and Rock counties received more than 6 inches of snow, but these counties were not officially included in this heavy snow event since the areas affected were small. Up to 8 inches fell in the city of Racine (Racine Co.) and near the Illinois border in southeast Rock County. Milwaukee's Mitchell Field reported a storm total of 7.9 inches, but this was the only location in Milwaukee County that had snow amounts in excess of 6 inches. However, the 6.7 inches of snow that fell at Mitchell Field on January 31st was a new daily record, breaking the old record of 6.5 inches set back in 1908. Synoptically, a surface low pressure trough extended from Oklahoma to the Ohio River Valley. A weak surface low pressure moved northeast along the trough while warm-air advection initated the snowfall.





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WISCONSIN, Southeast

WIZ046>047-051>052-056>060-062>072 Marquette - Green Lake - Fond Du Lac - Sheboygan - Sauk - Columbia - Dodge - Washington - Ozaukee - Iowa - Dane - Jefferson - Waukesha - Milwaukee - Lafayette - Green - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

Dense fog developed overnight across south-central and southeast Wisconsin due to light rain and persistent, on-shore southeast to northeast winds. Visibilities were reduced to 1/8 to 1/4 mile, especially in river valleys and other low spots. This led to several vehicle accidents and flight delays or cancellations at airports





Time Path Path Number of Estimated Local/ Length Width Persons Damage
Location Date Standard (Miles) (Yards) Killed Injured Property Crops Character of Storm

WISCONSIN, Southeast

WIZ046>047-051>052-056>060-062>072 Marquette - Green Lake - Fond Du Lac - Sheboygan - Sauk - Columbia - Dodge - Washington - Ozaukee - Iowa - Dane - Jefferson - Waukesha - Milwaukee - Lafayette - Green - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

02 0000CST 0 0 Heavy Snow

Heavy snow, ranging from 7 to 11 inches in depth, fell over south-central and southeast Wisconsin. Most of the inclement weather occurred on March 2nd, although preceding light snow started at about 1900CST on March 1st, and some residual blowing and drifting snow persisted until about 0600CST on March 3rd. This was the only widespread heavy snow event of the 2001-02 winter season to affect southern Wisconsin. Accumulating snows during this event came in two waves...one during the overnight hours ending about 0700CST on March 2nd, and the other one lasting from about 1200CST to 2100CST on March 2nd. In between the two waves, some mixed precipitation, consisting of snow, sleet, and freezing rain, was observed southeast of a line from Janesville (Rock Co.) to Port Washington (Ozaukee Co.). In general, surface winds initially were out of the northeast at 10 to 20 mph, but backed to the northwest at 15 to 25 mph (occasional gusts to 30 to 35 mph) during the last half of this heavy snow event. Surface temperatures were generally in the 20s, but readings briefly rose to the lower 30s over the counties of Milwaukee, Racine, Kenosha, and Walworth in between the snow waves. Near-blizzard conditions were noted west of Madison in the counties of Sauk, Iowa, and Lafayette during the 2nd half of the heavy snow event due to the winds and falling snow, with visibilities occasionally reduced to 1/4 to 1/2 mile. Numerous indoor and outdoor activities across south-central and southeast were cancelled, and many airplane flights were delayed or cancelled. Based on newspaper accounts, at least 300 to 400 vehicle accidents occurred. Towing service owners were quoted as saying "People are running into poles, curbs, and each other." At least a dozen people needed hospital treatment due to injuries sustained in vehicle accidents (indirectly-related to this heavy snow event)

Specifically, Milwaukee Mitchell Field (Milwaukee Co.) measured 11.0 of snow for the entire event, with 9.4 inches falling on March 2nd (a new daily record snowfall amount for March 2nd). Elsewhere, notable amounts include: Elkhorn (Walworth Co.) - 11 inches, Fond du Lac (Fond du Lac Co.) - 10.5 inches, Sauk City (Sauk Co.) - 10 inches, Richfield (Washington Co.) - 9.6 inches, Sun Prairie (Dane Co.) - 9.5 inches, Argyle (Lafayette Co.) - 9.5 inches, Eagle (Waukesha Co.) - 9.2 inches, and 9 inches at Milton (Rock Co.), Palmyra (Jefferson Co.), Twin Lakes (Kenosha Co), Westfield (Marquette Co.), Juneau (Dodge Co.), and Fredonia (Ozaukee Co.). Snowdrifts were reported to be 2 to 3 feet deep, especially in exposed, rural areas. Synoptically, the responsible low pressure moved from central Oklahoma to extreme southeast Wisconsin and then on to lower Michigan. In the wake of this heavy snow event, clear skies and light winds combined with the fresh snow cover to allow temperatures to drop below zero over much of south-central and southeast Wisconsin (for the 1st time since February 2001) during the overnight hours of March 3rd into March 4, 2002.

Washington County						
Jackson	08	1751CST	0	0	5K	Lightning
	_	ning hit a home's satellite dish and so ances and household wiring.	ent a current into th	ne home,	resulting in o	lamage to a computer system and all major
Rock County						
Janesville	09	0122CST	0	0	30K	Lightning
Rock County						
3.5 E Emerald Grove	09	0125CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Walworth County						
2 NE La Grange	09	0138CST	0	0		Hail(0.75)
Washington County						
2 N Colgate	09	0200CST	0	0	25K	Lightning





Time Path Path Number of Estimated March 2002
Location Date Standard (Miles) (Yards) Killed Injured Property Crops Character of Storm

WISCONSIN, Southeast

Scattered severe thunderstorms affected parts of Rock and Walworth counties. The fast-moving storms generated damaging winds estimated to at least 52 knots (60 mph) in eastern Rock County, resulting in toppled large trees. Large hail was noted in northern Walworth County. A lightning strike ignited a fire that severely burned a home's garage in Janesville. North of Colgate (Washington Co.) a lightning strike caused extensive damage to appliances and electrical service in at least 3 homes.

WIZ051>052-065-069>070-072

Fond Du Lac - Sheboygan - Waukesha - Rock - Walworth - Kenosha

High winds raked part of south-central and southeast Wisconsin for about 14 hours with gusts of 50 to 56 knots (58 to 64 mph). The area from the Town of Taycheedah (Fond du Lac Co.) to Greenbush (Sheboygan Co.) reported toppled trees and power lines. In the city of Janesville (Rock Co.) a powerful gust toppled a restaurant sign onto power lines, resulting in a loss of electricity for 1 hour. In the city of Delevan, the powerful winds pushed a tree onto power pole and nearby garage. In the city of Kenosha, the high winds knocked bricks from a church bell tower, causing police to close off the local area. Measured peak wind gusts from trained spotters were 56 knots (64 mph) three miles south of the city of Waukesha (Waukesha Co.), and 50 knots (58 mph) in the Town of Taycheedah. Other notable peak gusts were: 49 knots (56 mph) at the Sheboygan Airport (Sheboygan Co.) and Kenosha Airport (Kenosha Co.), 48 knots (55 mph) in Lake Geneva (Walworth Co.), 47 knots (54 mph) at a location 2 miles southwest of the city of Fond du Lac (Fond du Lac Co.), and 46 knots (53 mph) at the Brodhead Airport (Green Co.). Most other locations in south-central and southeast Wisconsin experienced peak gusts in the 35 to 45 knot range (40 to 52 mph). Interestingly, the peak wind gusts (generally from the west) tended to occur with some of the more intense scattered snow showers, indicating that atmospheric mixing of higher-momentum air down to the surface was taking place in/near the snow showers. Temperatures were in the 25 to 30 degree range during the afternoon hours of the 9th. There were scattered reports of some trees pushed over from several of the counties surrounding the named counties in this high wind event. Altogether, about 2500 customers in south-central and southeast Wisconsin lost electrical power due to toppled power lines. Synoptically, a low pressure over eastern Colorado on March 8th moved to southeastern Kansas and deepened to 992 millibars (29.29 inches), and then tracked to Lake Superior by mid-day on the 9th with a central pressure of 988 millibars (29.18 inches). High winds were observed over northern Iowa and much of Minnesota as well.





	ъ.	Time Local/	Path Length	Path Width	Per	ber of	Da	mated mage	April 2002
Location	Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property	Crops	Character of Storm
LAKE MICHIGAN									
LMZ645	North	Pt Lt To Wind	Pt Wi						
Milwaukee Harbor	18	1615CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M42)
LMZ643 .5 E Sheboygan	Shebo 18	oygan To Pt Was 1622CST	hington Wi		0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M35)
LMZ645	North	Pt Lt To Wind	Pt Wi						
Milwaukee Harbor	18	1700CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M44)
LMZ643	Shebo	ygan To Pt Was	hington Wi						
.5 E Sheboygan	18	1700CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M35)
LMZ645	North	Pt Lt To Wind	Pt Wi						
Milwaukee Harbor	18	1735CST 1835CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M45)
LMZ643	Shebo	ygan To Pt Was	hington Wi						
.5 E Sheboygan	18	1800CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M35)
LMZ645		Pt Lt To Wind	Pt Wi						
Milwaukee Harbor	18	1925CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M35)
LMZ646		Pt Lt Wi To Wi	nthrop Hbr Il						
1.5 E Kenosha	18	2008CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M45)
LMZ646		Pt Lt Wi To Wi	nthrop Hbr Il		0	0			M : T (W' 1 (M40)
1.5 E Racine	18	2011CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M42)
LMZ646 35 E Kenosha	Wind 18	Pt Lt Wi To Wi 2300CST	nthrop Hbr Il		0	0			Maning Total Wind (M40)
35 E Kenosna	A ser			derstorms d	-		along a col	d front wh	Marine Tstm Wind (M40) ich moved east across Lake Michigan.
WISCONSIN, Souther	<u>ast</u>								
WIZ046>047-051>052- 056>060-062>072		uette - Green La son - Waukesha							ington - Ozaukee - Iowa - Dane - nosha
	13	0100CST 0730CST		•	0	0			Fog
	Dense airpor		uring the overn	ight hours, l	owering vi	sibilities to	18 to 1/4 n	nile. Sever	ral airplane flights were delayed at most
Dane County									
4 S Cross Plains	14	1720CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)

4 S Cross Plains 14 1720CST 0 0 Hail(0.75)

Isolated severe thunderstorm. Severe weather spotter trailing the storm noted some cloud base rotation and a in-flow/feeder cloud band underneath the updraft tower.

WIZ046>047-051>052-056>060-062>072 Marquette - Green Lake - Fond Du Lac - Sheboygan - Sauk - Columbia - Dodge - Washington - Ozaukee - Iowa - Dane - Jefferson - Waukesha - Milwaukee - Lafayette - Green - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

15 1300CST 1 0 Excessive Heat

An out-of-season heat wave affected south-central and southeast Wisconsin thanks to a very warm, moist airmass which settled in for the 4-day period of April 15-18. Maximum afternoon temperatures were mostly in the mid 80s to lower 90s, and overnight lows in the 60s, or about 30 to 35 degrees above normal! Specifically, Milwaukee's Mitchell Field (Milwaukee Co.) topped out at 88, 86, 82, and 88 for the four days. In Madison (Dane Co.), maximum readings were 87, 86, 78, and 85. On the 15th, the Janesville Airport (Rock Co.) and West Allis (Milwaukee Co.) peaked at 91. On the 16th, Burlington (Racine Co.) and West Allis topped out at 90. On the 17th, an 85 was observed at West Allis, Mt. Mary College (Milwaukee Co.), and Racine (Racine Co.). On the 18th, Burlington had high honors with 91. Surface dewpoints were in the 60 to 65 degree range. Southwest winds gusted to 25 to 35 mph during the daytime hours of this 4-day period. A 50-year-old male died (direct death - Milwaukee County medicaly examiner classification) in a community-based residential home In Milwaukee County about 1600CST on April 16th. Although the heat index in Milwaukee County on April 16th was only in the upper 80s to lower 90s, the early-season nature and length of this heat wave was sufficient to adversly affect one individual. M50PH





Location	Date	Time Local/ Standard	Path Length (Miles)	Path Width (Yards)	Numb Pers Killed		Estimated Damage Property Crops	April 2	2002
WISCONSIN, Southe	ast								
Sheboygan County Plymouth	18	0636CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)	
Fond Du Lac County Waupun	18	0647CST			0	0	3K	Lightning	
Sheboygan County Sheboygan		amaged garden v						Hail(0.75) uple of the storms became severe which damaged the roof of a ho	
Marquette County 4 E Oxford	18	1254CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)	
Columbia County 3 S Portage	18	1415CST			0	0		Lightning	
Lafayette County 3 NW Belmont	18	1415CST			0	0	0.50K	Hail(1.00)	
Lafayette County Belmont	18	1417CST			0	0	3K	Hail(1.75)	
Iowa County 1 S Mineral Pt	18	1438CST			0	0		Hail(0.88)	
Sauk County Merrimac	18	1500CST			0	0		Hail(1.00)	
Sauk County Prairie Du Sac	18	1500CST			0	0		Hail(0.88)	
Columbia County Portage	18	1509CST			0	0		Hail(1.00)	
Sauk County 3 E Baraboo	18	1515CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E61)	
Columbia County 5 NNE Okee	18	1520CST			0	0		Hail(1.00)	
Sauk County Merrimac	18	1533CST			0	0	2K	Hail(1.75)	
Jefferson County 3 S Ft Atkinson	18	1540CST			0	0		Lightning	
Marquette County Endeavor	18	1553CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)	
Dane County									
Madison Dane County	18	1600CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)	
Madison Dane County	18	1600CST			0	0	5K	Lightning	
1 SW (Msn)Truax Fld Dane County	M 18	1610CST			0	0		Hail(1.00)	
1 SW Madison Rock County	18	1610CST			0	0		Hail(1.00)	
2 NE Clinton Dane County	18	1615CST			0	0		Funnel Cloud	
Madison Madison	18	1622CST			0	0	5K	Lightning	





Location	Date	Time Local/ Standard	Path Length (Miles)	Path Width (Yards)	Numbe Perso Killed	er of ons Injured	Estimated Damage Property Crops	April 2002 Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Southea	<u>st</u>							
Rock County Milton	18	1625CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (M57)
Dane County Madison	18	1629CST			0	0		Hail(0.88)
Green Lake County Berlin	18	1634CST 1639CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Dane County Monona	18	1635CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Rock County Evansville	18	1800CST			0	0		Hail(1.00)
Dane County Deerfield	18	1830CST			0	0	5K	Hail(2.00)
Iowa County 2 W Highland	18	1836CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Rock County Janesville	18	1840CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Rock County Johnstown to 1.2 E Johnstown	18	1844CST 1847CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Marquette County Briggsville	18	1937CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Iowa County Dodgeville	18	1958CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Columbia County Poynette	18	2005CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Green Lake County 5 SSW Green Lake	18	2010CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Dodge County Beaver Dam	18	2023CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (M53)
Lafayette County Gratiot to Woodford	18	2030CST 2050CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Dane County Middleton	18	2032CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Dodge County Waupun	18	2037CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (M52)
Fond Du Lac County Waupun	18	2037CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Dodge County 4 NE Horicon	18	2040CST			0	0		Lightning
Dodge County Watertown to Mayville	18	2040CST 2045CST			0	0	55K	Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Green County 4.5 NNW Browntown to Monroe	18	2045CST 2055CST			0	0	200K	Thunderstorm Wind (E61)
Jefferson County Lake Mills	18	2045CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (M51)





		Time Local/	Path Length	Path Width	Number of Persons		Persons Damage		April 2002
Location	Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property	Crops	Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Southean	<u>st</u>								
Green County									
1 WSW Brodhead	18	2102CST			0	0	15K		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Sheboygan County									
Greenbush	18	2111CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)
Rock County									
(Jvl)Rock Co Arpt Ja to 5 NE Beloit	18	2114CST 2122CST			0	0	10K		Thunderstorm Wind (M55)
Washington County									
West Bend	18	2115CST			0	0	3K		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Walworth County									
Whitewater	18	2125CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (M52)
Milwaukee County									
Brown Deer	18	2132CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (M53)
Racine County									
Burlington	18	2157CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Kenosha County									
1 NNE Silver Lake	18	2203CST			0	0	4K		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)

Severe storms, with large hail and damaging, straight-line, downburst winds, developed ahead and along a cold front, which plowed east into an unseasonably warm, moist airmass over southern Wisconsin. Maximum afternoon temperatures were mostly in the 80s (about 30 to 35 degrees above normal) during the 4-day period of April 15-18. The hail stones ranged from 3/4 inch to 2 inches in diameter, resulting in several vehicles receiving dents (in Lafayette, Sauk, and Dane County). The damaging winds were mostly in the 60 to 70 mph range resulting in numerous reports of uprooted trees. Dozens of power lines were pulled down as broken tree branches fell on them. About 25,000 customers lost electrical power, based on utility company records. The areas with the largest amount of tree damage were: 1) from Graitiot to Woodford in Lafayette Co., 2) from northwest of Browntown to Monroe in Green Co., and 3) from Watertown to Mayville in Dodge Co. Otherwise, tree damage due to wet microbursts was scattered. A semi-trailer northeast of Beloit on Interstate 90 sustained damage when it was blown over by the powerful thunderstorm winds. Just west-southwest of Brodhead, a shed was blown down. In the area northwest of Browntown to Monroe, a barn was blown down, a shed was blown on to a home, and two residential roofs were damaged by broken tree limbs. A shed under construction at the Watertown High School in Dodge County was damaged by the powerful winds. A wind-toppled tree damaged a vehicle near Silver Lake (Kenosha Co.). Lightning started a 75 acre grass fire in the Horicon Marsh in Dodge County, a 1 acre grass fire south of Ft. Atkinson in Jefferson County, and a 5 acre grass fire south of Portage in Columbia County. Elsewhere, separate lightning strikes started fires which damaged the roof of two Madison (Dane Co.) homes. Several of the thunderstorms had mesocyclones, and cloud-base rotation was noted by severe weather spotters, however there were no tornado reports.





May 2002

Location	Date	Time Local/ Standard	Path Length (Miles)	Path Width (Yards)		ber of sons Injured	Estim Dan Property	nated nage Crops	Character of Storm	Way 2002
WISCONSIN, Sout	<u>heast</u>									
Sauk County 2 S Baraboo	06	1655CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)	
Columbia County 1.5 SE Rio	06	1724CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)	
Dodge County 1 N Neosho	06	2013CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)	
Iowa County										

Scattered late-afternoon and evening marginally-severe thunderstorms popped up over parts of south-central and southeast Wisconsin. Synoptically, a low-pressure moved northeast through southwestern Wisconsin while a warm front pushed north of a Madison to Milwaukee line. Elevated convection resulted. Daytime maximum temperatures were in the mid to upper 70s with surface dewpoints in the lower 60s.

0

Sauk County Reedsburg to Spring Green

3 N Ridgeway

08 2100CST 2359CST

2040CST

06

0

0

Urban/Sml Stream Fld

Hail(0.75)

A couple thunderstorm complexes trained east-northeast across Sauk County and dumped very heavy rains which resulted in small stream and urban flooding. Most of the flooding was confined to bottomland near small streams, which quickly exceeded their banks. In Reedsburg, 1.00 inches of rain fell between 2137 and 2152CST. At this location, 2.25 inches fell between 2135 and 2210CST. At Bear Valley, on the Sauk-Richland county line, unofficial reports indicated that 3 to 4 inches fell between 1930 and 2205CST. Synoptically, low-pressure moved northeast through southwestern Wisconsin to northern Lake Michigan. Leading up to this event, daytime maximum temperatures were in the mid to upper 70s and surface dewpoints were in the lower 60s.

Sauk County 5.5 W Spring Green to 2.5 W Spring Green	30	1750CST	0	0	Hail(1.75)
Iowa County Arena	30	1802CST	0	0	Hail(1.75)
Marquette County 2 NNE Briggsville to 3 ESE Briggsville	30	1806CST 1815CST	0	0	Hail(1.00)
Columbia County 6 NNE Portage to 5 N Portage	30	1815CST 1820CST	0	0	Hail(1.00)
Iowa County Ridgeway	30	1818CST	0	0	Funnel Cloud
Dane County Blue Mounds	30	1836CST	0	0	Funnel Cloud
Dodge County Beaver Dam	30	1840CST	0	0	Funnel Cloud

Scattered severe thunderstorms developed and moved southeast across parts of south-central Wisconsin. Large hail, up to golf-ball size, resulted thanks to a cold, northwest flow pattern aloft coupled with moderate to strong low-level warm air advection. The storms occurred along and ahead of a surface trough of low-pressure which preceded a cold front. The thunderstorm updraft towers were fairly strong thanks to maximum temperatures in the mid 80s and CAPES of 2000-2500J/KG, which led to several funnel cloud reports. WSR-88D Doppler radar imagery indicated only weak low to mid level rotation. One storm chaser report from Dodge county indicated that a funnel cloud, persisting for about 8 minutes, developed after the updraft/cloud base had started to decay.





	Time	Path	Path	Numb		Estin			June 2002
	Local/	Length	Width	Pers	ons	Dan	nage		
Location Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property	Crops	Character of Storm	

LAKE MICHIGAN

LMZ646 Wind Pt Lt Wi To Winthrop Hbr II

Wind Point to 03 0710CST 0 0 Marine Tstm Wind (M50) Kenosha 0955CST

A line of severe thunderstorms moved east of Racine and Kenosha counties. Powerful northwest winds gusting to 58 knots (67 mph) were noted at the Racine Wastewater Treatment Plant on the Lake Michigan shoreline as the storms initially moved out over the lake, and 50 kt (58 mph) peak gusts out of the southeast were registered at the GLERL site in Kenosha, on the back side of the storms. At this coastal site, sustained winds were 35 kts (40 mph) or higher between 0855 and 0955CST. The southeast backside winds were due to a wake-low which developed over southeast Wisconsin.

LMZ645

North Pt Lt To Wind Pt Wi

North Point Lthouse to Wind Point

10 1950CST

) (

Marine Tstm Wind (M41)

Severe thunderstorms over southeast Wisconsin moved out over the nearshore waters of Lake Michigan east of Milwaukee and Racine counties

LMZ643

Sheboygan To Pt Washington Wi

3.5 NE Port Washington | 14 3.3 NE Port Washington

1130CST 1133CST

Waterspout

A short-lived waterspout spun up about 1/2 mile out over the nearshore waters of Lake Michigan northeast of Port Washington (Ozaukee Co.). It was observed by a trained spotter who was traveling south along Interstate 43. Scattered thunderstorms developed and moved southeast along a surface trough/shear line that extended northwest to southeast from Lake Winnebago through Ozaukee County to east of Milwaukee. Apparently, a vortex on the shear line was stretched vertically by the updraft tower of a thunderstorm. The width of the waterspout at the water surface was about 10 to 15 yards. No damage was noted.

LMZ645 North Pt Lt To Wind Pt Wi

Milwaukee Harbor to 15 1623CST 0 0 Marine Hail (0.88)

LMZ646 Wind Pt Lt Wi To Winthrop Hbr II

Racine to 15 1627CST 0 0 Marine Hail (0.75) Winthrop Harbor II

Severe thunderstorms packing large hail moved east out over the Lake Michigan waters between the Milwaukee Harbor and

Winthrop Harbor, IL.

LMZ646 Wind Pt Lt Wi To Winthrop Hbr Il

Wind Point to 15 1707CST 0 0 Marine Hail (0.75) Winthrop Harbor II

Scattered severe thunderstorms with large hail moved east out over the Lake Michigan waters between Wind Point, WI and

Winthrop Harbor, IL.

WISCONSIN, Southeast

Sauk County Spring Green	03	0415CST	0	0		Hail(0.75)
Dane County Springfield Corners	03	0500CST 0700CST	0	0		Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Dane County Stoughton	03	0540CST	0	0	20K	Lightning
Milwaukee County Milwaukee to Brown Deer	03	0600CST 0800CST	0	0		Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Waukesha County Menomonee Falls	03	0600CST	0	0		Urban/Sml Stream Fld





		Time Local/	Path Length	Path Width	Numb Pers		Estin	nated nage	June 2002
Location	Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property	Crops	Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Souther	<u>east</u>								
Walworth County 2.5 NNE East Troy	03	0640CST			0	0	5K		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Kenosha County Twin Lakes to Kenosha	03	0655CST 0725CST			0	0	75K		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Racine County Burlington to Racine	03	0655CST 0725CST			0	0	200K		Thunderstorm Wind (M58)
Racine County 5 NW Sturtevant	03	0700CST			0	0	10K		Heavy Rain
Racine County Sturtevant	03	0709CST			0	0			Funnel Cloud
Kenosha County Kenosha	03	0715CST			0	0			Hail(0.88)
Rock County 2 E Avalon	03	0802CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)
Walworth County 2 SE Fontana	03	0825CST			0	0	10K		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Dane County Fitchburg	03	0830CST			0	0	0.50K		Lightning
WIZ071>072	Racino 03	e - Kenosha 0855CST 0955CST			0	0			High Wind (E50)

Three lines of severe thundrestorms moved east-southeast across south-central and southeast Wisconsin. The last line was the strongest of the three. Damaging, straightline winds were the most common type of severe weather, althought some large hail stones were spotted. Brief, torrential downpours accompanied some of the storms, especially in the counties of Dane, Racine and Kensoha. The toppled trees pulled down power lines near Fontana (Walworth Co.), and across much of Racine and Kenosha counties. The Racine Wastewater Treatment Plant registered a peak northwest wind gust of 58 kts (67 mph). In the cities of Sturtevant (Racine Co.) and Racine, 4 vehicles and 2 garages were damaged or destroyed due to felled trees. On another Racine home, the wind blew an old chimney down. At least another 4 homes in Racine had some gutter or siding damage. In Sturtevant, a flaf pole was bend 45 degrees, and a stored pontoon boat was flipped over. A covered wagon in Kansasville (Racine Co.) was damaged when the thunderstorm winds blew it over. Roof shingles were ripped off several homes in the city of Kenosha. One Kenosha home had a large tree fall on its roof, damaging the chimney, gutters, and wood trim. A large yacht was blown off its perch and into a fence near the Lake Michigan shoreline in downtown Kenosha, but sustained only minor damage. Lightning struck an apartment building in Stoughton (Dane Co.), starting a fire that left \$20,000 in damage. In Fitchburg (Dane Co.), lightning struck a home and traveled down a pipe to the basement where a small fire started in a rubbish bin. Rainfall amounts of 1 to 2 inches generated some small stream flooding that pushed water over the roads in Sringfield Corners (Dane Co.). Up to 3.5 inches of rain fell in Menomonee Falls (Waukesha Co.) resulting in urban flooding, which extende east across northern Milwaukee County where 2 to 3 inches fell. Several roads in northern Milwaukee County had water up to 12 to 18 inches deep. Heavy rains in Racine County lead to hydroplaining problems on Interstate 94 where a semitrailer truck jack-knifed and rolled over at about 0730CST.

A wake-low developed over southeastern Wisconsin on the west side of the 3rd line of storms, after it had moved east to over Lake Michigan. The pressure gradient between the thunderstorm-induced mesohigh over Lake Michigan and the wake low in the vicinity of Madison to Whitewater generated a high wind event over the eastern parts of the counties of Racine and Kenosha. Southeast winds gusted to 50 knots (58 mph) at the GLERL observation site on the shore of Lake Michigan in downtown Kenosha at 0900CST, and were equal to or greater than 35 kts (40 mph) betwen 0855 and 0955CST. Numerous trees were pushed down by the high winds, and a greenhouse on the UW-Parkside campus sustained window damage. Gusty southeast winds to 30 to 43 knots (35 to 50 mph) were noted over the remainder of southeast and south-central Wisconsin south of Interstate 94 and east of Interstate 90, resulting in many small branches breaking off of trees. The combination of severe thunderstorms followed by high winds resulted in 18,000 customers losing electrical power in the counties of Racine and Kenosha. About 200 lines were down either due to the winds or lightning.





June 2002 Time Local/ Standard Path Length (Miles) Path Width (Yards) Number of Persons Killed Injured Estimated Damage Property Crops

WISCONSIN, Souther	<u>ast</u>					
Lafayette County 3 E Darlington to 3 SE Darlington	04	1100CST 1230CST	0	0	5K	Flash Flood
J	Highv There The D	ntial rainfalls associated with slow-moving the vay 81 east of Darlington. The road was block were several reports of mud and gravel wash Darlington Wastewater treatment plant measurest in Monroe (Green Co.), the treatment plant measurest in Monroe (Green Co.)	ked off as ed down fr ared 3.97 i	a precaution com driveway nches of rain	ary measure due ys onto roads in n during the mo	to high water levels on the local river. the Darlington area east to Green County. rning and early afternoon hours. Further
Racine County Racine		1100CST ning struck near an unoccupied home in the common of the common siding and electrical wiring were damages.		0 of the city of	5K of Racine and tra	Lightning weled through power lines into the home.
Rock County 3.5 SE Clinton	10	1815CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Walworth County Sharon to Walworth	10	1817CST 1825CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Rock County 2 E Edgerton	10	1820CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Jefferson County 3.2 NE Concord	10	1915CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Milwaukee County Milwaukee	10	1930CST 2100CST	0	0		Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Waukesha County Sussex	10	1936CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Milwaukee County Greendale	10	1940CST	0	0		Hail(0.75)
Milwaukee County Greendale to Shorewood	10	1950CST 2005CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
	southe	red, evening, severe thunderstorms with dam east Wisconsin. The powerful winds topple ed in urban floodiing on the southwest side of on roads. About 4,000 homes in Jefferson and	d trees whof the city of	of Milwauke	lown power line e around 76th ar	es. In addition, brief, torrential rainfalls and Oklahoma, where water was 10 inches
Dane County 3 WSW Mazomanie		0400CST rous large trees were uprooted by a very loc County. The pulse-type storms quickly dimin				
Washington County West Bend to Jackson	15	1326CST 1330CST	0	0		Hail(0.75)
Fond Du Lac County Fond Du Lac	15	1358CST 1400CST	0	0		Hail(0.75)



Dodge County 2 SW Fox Lake

Sauk County Rock Spgs

Columbia County
4 N Pardeeville

1745CST

1748CST

1810CST

21

21

21

National Weather Service Storm Data and Unusual Weather Phenomena



Location	Date	Time Local/ Standard	Path Length (Miles)	Path Width (Yards)	Numb Pers Killed	sons	Estimated Damage Property Crops	June 2002 Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Southeas	<u>t</u>							
Milwaukee County Timmerman Arpt	15	1559CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Milwaukee County 3 N General Mitchell Ar	15	1623CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Racine County 1 N Racine	15	1627CST			0	0		Hail(0.88)
Milwaukee County 3.7 SW General Mitchell	15	1629CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Milwaukee County Oak Creek	15	1632CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Racine County Racine		1707CST and severe thunders arman Field on the i					mping large hail. T	Hail(0.75) he ground was covered white around
Dane County								
Madison to Sun Prairie	16 Several	1845CST 1850CST	onnled by no	werful straic	0 tht-line win	0 de as an iso	lated severe thunders	Thunderstorm Wind (E52) torm moved through Dane County.
	Several.	mage trees were to	pprod oy po	orran sarang	,	.as as an 190	Talled Severe managers	ionii nio rea ini sagii 2 ane coanty.
WIZ065>066-070>072	Waukes 20	sha - Milwaukee - 0000CST 2359CST	Walworth	- Racine - K	Kenosha 1	0		Excessive Heat
	Milwau affect h Similar	kee. After several umans. Milwauke readings were not	days with n e Mitchell I ted elsewher	naximum ter Field register e in southea	nperatrures red a high ast Wiscons	in the 50s, of 90 and in. Heat in	60's and 70's, the hea a mininum of 72, al	of a 38-year-old male in the city of at on June 20th was sudden enough to cout 13 to 15 degrees above normal. O, thus this heat wave didn't meet the observed. M38PH
Marquette County 5 E Endeavor	21	1615CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Columbia County Marcellon	21	1640CST			0	0		Funnel Cloud
Columbia County 1 N Friesland	21	1705CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Sauk County 4 NW Rock Spgs	21	1705CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Dodge County 2 W Fox Lake	21	1719CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Dodge County 1 W Fox Lake	21	1725CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E65)

Short lines or clusters of severe thunderstorms moved southeast across parts of south-central and southeast Wisconsin, producing downbursts of straight-line winds and large hail. Just west of Fox Lake (Dodge Co.), the powerful winds demolished a shed and

Thunderstorm Wind (E56)

Hail(0.75)

Hail(0.75)





June 2002 Time Local/ Path Length Path Number of Estimated Width Damage Persons

WISCONSIN, Southeast

blew it onto a road. Southwest of Fox Lake the winds blew down county road signs. On the Milwaukee-Sullivan WSR-88D Doppler radar system, a decent mesocyclone was evident with a thunderstorm that moved southeast across the far northwest part of Columbia County into northwest Dodge County. The lack of low level boundaries ahead of this storm may have played a part in diminishing the lower atmosphere's ability to spin up into a tornade.

Green Lake County 5 W Fairburn to 8 N Princeton

Marquette County 5.5 WSW Neshkoro

22	0300CST 0500CST	0	0	10K	Flash Flood
22	0300CST 0500CST	0	0	10K	Flash Flood

At least 3 lines of thunderstorms with heavy rains sagged south into the northern parts of Marquette and Green Lake counties during the overnight hours. Individual thunderstorm cells trained west to east, ultimately resulting in flash flooding which caused gravel shoulder washouts on some roads as well as road closures. WSR-88D Doppler radar estimated that 5 to 6 inches of rain fell between 2100CST on August 21st through about 0300CST on August 22nd. Further north, 8 to 15 inches were reported in parts of Juneau, Adams, Waushara, Wood, and Portage counties! Refer to the StormData reports produced by WFO La Crosse and WFO Green Bay for detailed flash flood information for central and northeastern Wisconsin, respectively.

WIZ059>060-064>066-069>072

Washington - Ozaukee - Jefferson - Waukesha - Milwaukee - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

1200CST 22 25

Excessive Heat

Lightning

A long-duration, early-season, heat wave affected Milwaukee and Racine counties, resulting in a directly-related death, and an indirectly-related death. This heat wave didn't meet official heat-wave criteria, but the duration and timing was sufficient to adversely affect humans. A 43-year old City of Milwaukee man was found dead on the steps of a Milwaukee church with a body temperature of 111 on June 23rd. Heat was the primary cause of death based on medical reports (death is directly related to heat). The maximum air temperature was only in the lower 90s across the city of Milwaukee, with General Mitchell Field registering 91. Heat Index values were in the 95 to 100 range. The morning low at Mitchell Field was 71. Normal highs and lows for June 23rd are 78 and 58. In addition, a 37-year-old City of Racine women died in her apartment on June 23rd, after her body temperature reached 109 degrees. Medical reports indicated that heat was a secondary cause of death (indirectly-related to heat). Maximum air temperatures in Racine ranged from 90 to 91, after overnight lows around 68. Heat indices were in the 95 to 100 degree range. June 23rd was the second of four consecutive days with maximum readings in the lower 90s across southeast and south-central Wisconsin, and minimum temperatures in the upper 60s to lower 70s, both about 12 to 15 degrees above normal. M43OU

Columbia County Pardeeville

100K

Lightning struck a home in Pardeeville, starting a fire that gutted the 2nd floor. It traveled down to the 1st floor and blew out the front door's frame, blew out light switches, and knocked pictures off walls.

WIZ046>047-051>052-056>060-062>072

Marquette - Green Lake - Fond Du Lac - Sheboygan - Sauk - Columbia - Dodge - Washington - Ozaukee - Iowa - Dane -Jefferson - Waukesha - Milwaukee - Lafayette - Green - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

0000CST 2359CST 30

The last day of June 30, 2002, was the first of four consecutive days in south-central and southeast Wisconsin with maximum temperatures in the lower to mid 90s and overnight lows in the upper 60s to mid 70s, both about 10 to 15 degrees above normal. No deaths were reported, however, on June 30th, at least 150 people at Milwaukee's Sumerfest (Milwaukee Co.) required first-aid treatment and one was taken to a local hospital for heat exhaustion. At least 6 people in the Madison (Dane Co.) area required medical treatment at local hospitals. Milwaukee Mitchell Field recorded a maximum of 95 on June 30th, while Madison came in with 93. Heat index values on June 30th peaked in the 95 to 104 range, thanks to surface dewpoints in the upper 60s to lower 70s.





*	D .	Time Local/	Path Length	Path Width	Per	Number of Persons Killed Injured		nated nage	July 2002	2
Location	Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property	Crops	Character of Storm	
LAKE MICHIGAN										
LMZ643	Sheboy	ygan To Pt Was	hington Wi							
.5 E Sheboygan	08	1700CST	Ü		0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M46)	
LMZ643	Sheboy	ygan To Pt Was	hington Wi							
.5 E Sheboygan	08	1900CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M36)	
LMZ644	Pt Was	shington To No	rth Pt Lt Wi							
3 E Mequon	08	1950CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (E52)	
LMZ644	Pt Was	shington To No	rth Pt Lt Wi							
5 SE Mequon	08	1952CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (E52)	
	A line	of strong thunde	rstorms moved	east-souther	ast out over	Lake Mic	chigan, proc	lucing pow	verful wind gusts	
LMZ643	Sheboy	ygan To Pt Was	hington Wi							
Sheboygan	30	2100CST	-		0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M42)	

WISCONSIN, Southeast

WIZ046>047-051-056>060-062>072

Marquette - Green Lake - Fond Du Lac - Sauk - Columbia - Dodge - Washington - Ozaukee - Iowa - Dane - Jefferson -Waukesha - Milwaukee - Lafayette - Green - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

0600CST **Excessive Heat**

A line of severe thunderstorms along a cold front moved east across Lake Michigan, generating powerful wind gusts.

A heat wave, which started on June 30, 2002, continued through the first three days of July, 2002, across south-central and southeast Wisconsin. Maximum temperatures were in the lower to mid 90s and overnight lows in the upper 60s to mid 70s, both about 10 to 15 degrees above normal. A 62-year-old City of Milwaukee man died due to secondary heat-related stress (indirect death). No other deaths were reported, however, dozens of people received first-aid treatment at various community festivals. Heat index values were in the 95 to 104 range. Milwaukee Mitchell Field recorded a minimum of 75 on July 3rd, tying the old record set back in 1965 and

WIZ046>047-051>052-056>060-062>072

Marquette - Green Lake - Fond Du Lac - Sheboygan - Sauk - Columbia - Dodge - Washington - Ozaukee - Iowa - Dane -Jefferson - Waukesha - Milwaukee - Lafayette - Green - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

1100CST 2359CST **Excessive Heat**

A single-day heat wave affected a few counties in south-central and southeast Wisconsin, resulting in about a dozen people being treated for the affects of heat at local hospitals. Maximum temperatures were in the lower to mid 90s, and morning lows were in the lower 70s. Afternoon heat index values reached 105 to 108 for at least 3 hours in Rock, Walworth, Racine, and Kenosha counties, meeting the official threshold value for daytime heat indices which is 105 or higher for 3 hours or more. Elsewhere across south-central and southeast Wisconsin heat indices were in the 95 to 104 range. Southwest winds of 13 to 22 kts (15 to 25 mph) offered little relieve.

Sheboygan County 2.4 NE Beechwood	08	1145CST	0	0	20K	Thunderstorm Wind (E61)
Sheboygan County 4.3 NE Oostburg	08	1630CST	0	0	10K	Thunderstorm Wind (E61)
Sheboygan County Sheboygan	08	1800CST 2100CST	0	0		Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Rock County Janesville	08	1845CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)





Location	Time Path Path Number of Local/ Length Width Persons Date Standard (Miles) (Yards) Killed Injured		Estimated Damage Property Crops Cha		July 2002 Character of Storm				
Location	Date	Standard	(WINCS)	(Tarus)	Kilicu	Injuicu	Порси	Clops	Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Southea	<u>st</u>								
Washington County									
Hartford	08	1913CST 1916CST			0	0	10K		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Washington County									
Jackson	08	1923CST			0	0	10K		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Washington County									
Germantown	08	1927CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Fond Du Lac County									
2.3 SW Fond Du Lac to 2 SE Fond Du Lac	08	1930CST 2130CST			0	0	10K		Flash Flood

Flash flooding closed some roads and washed out some gravel shoulders on the south side of the city of Fond du Lac. Rainfall amounts of 3 to 5 inches were noted, based on WSR-88D estimates and spotter reports. Water depths on US Hwy 41 between 151 and 175 reached 4 to 5 feet.

Ozaukee County Thiensville to Mequon	08	1940CST 1950CST	0	0	Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Milwaukee County Brown Deer	08	1942CST	0	0	Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Waukesha County Pewaukee	08	2200CST	0	0	Thunderstorm Wind (M52)
Kenosha County Kenosha	09	0000CST	0	0	Urban/Sml Stream Fld

A series of severe thunderstorms moved southeast through southeast Wisconsin with powerful winds that toppled trees and power lines, as well as damaging some structures. Damage to power lines resulted in the loss of electrical power to 12,000 customers in the Milwaukee area. Northwest of Beechwood (Sheboygan Co.), the winds destoyed one small metal shed, and rolled over a propane tank. Northeast of Ootsburg (Sheboygan Co.), the powerful winds toppled dozens of trees near Kohler/Andrea State Park, and damaged a couple homes. In Washington County, a car and boat in Hartford were damaged by toppled trees, and a shed near Jackson was blown down. Heavy rains associated with training thunderstorm cells created urban flooding in the city of Kenosha when .71 inches of rain fell in only 11 minutes (at the rate of 5.07 inches per hour). Likewise, urban flooding developed in the city of Sheboygan when 1.81 inches of rain fell in 70 minutes ending at 1910CST (...and 3.57 inches in past 5 hours). Synoptically, a mesoscale convective system moved southeast through Wisconsin overnight on the 7th and in the early morning hours of the 8th. The trailing edge of this system brushed Sheboygan county with isolated severe weather at mid-day. The outflow boundary left over from the MCS focused new thunderstorm development between Fond du Lac and Milwaukee as the low-level jet intensifed while a short-wave aloft moved through the area.

WIZ046>047-051-056>058-062>072 Marquette - Green Lake - Fond Du Lac - Sauk - Columbia - Dodge - Iowa - Dane - Jefferson - Waukesha - Milwaukee - Lafayette - Green - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

21 0000CST 0 0 Excessive Heat

Excessive heat affected most of south-central and southeast Wisconsin on July 21st. This turned out to be the hottest day of the summer of 2002 for this area. Interestingly, no heat-related deaths were reported up to the initial time of the publication of this report. After overnight lows in the 70s, afternoon temperatures rose to the mid 90s to around 100, about 10 to 15 degrees above normal for the minimums, and 15 to 20 degrees above normal for the maximums. Afternoon heat indices generally peaked in the 105 to 110 range for several hours, but briefly hit 112 in Racine, Janesville, and Wisconsin Dells. Milwaukee Mitchell Field tied its daily high minimum of 78 degrees, set back in 1932. Locations to hit the century mark for maximum temperatures were: 101 in West Allis, and 100 at Mt. Mary College, both in Milwaukee County. Elsewhere, Delavan (Walworth Co.) and Richfield (Washington Co.) topped out at 100. Millwaukee Mitchell Field and Madison Truax Field peaked at 98.





		Time	Path	Path	Numb		Estim		July 2002
Location	Date	Local/ Standard	Length (Miles)	Width (Yards)	Pers Killed	ons Injured	Dan Property	Crops	Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Southe	<u>east</u>								
Racine County									
Raymond	26	0100CST			0	0	3K	2K	Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
WIZ066	Milwa	aukee							
	26	1000CST 1800CST			0	0			Excessive Heat
	as sor	olated severe thum me roof shingle dectly-related). Ma	amage to a fev	w homes. In	Milwaukee	County,	a 45-year-ol	ld male di	some corn crop near Raymond, as well ed from heat-related, secondary causes s to lower 90s, and heat indices were 98
Waukesha County									
Waukesha	27	0000CST 0300CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
								from 233	OCST on July 26th to 0110CST on July
Iowa County									
Cobb	27	2147CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)
Iowa County									
Dodgeville	27	2203CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Iowa County Hollandale to 4 ESE Hollandale	27	2245CST 2255CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Dane County 1 S Stoughton	27	2250CST 2254CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Rock County									
Edgerton	27	2315CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Rock County									
5 E Milton	27	2320CST 2330CST			0	0	10K		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
	The s	ered severe storms torms were trigge	red by an old o	outflow boun	dary that pu	shed sout	heast from e	earlier con	Wisconsin during the overnight hours. vection in southeast Minnesota. Strong oread severe weather.
Iowa County		40.40.GCM				•			
3 E Arena	30	1943CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)
Dane County Black Earth	30	1955CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Fond Du Lac County Ripon	30	2000CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Marquette County									
3.6 NW Budsin	30	2030CST		, , .	0	0		****	Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
	in the		il and damagi	ing winds. T	he powerful	winds to	oppled trees	and felled	onsin. Isolated severe weather resulted d tree branches snapped several power

lines. Maximum temperatures were in the lower 90s with surface dewpoints around 70.





Marine Tstm Wind (M40)

Time Path Path Number of Estimated August 2002
Location Date Standard (Miles) (Yards) Killed Injured Property Crops Character of Storm

LAKE MICHIGAN

LAKE MICHIGAN					
LMZ645 Milwaukee Harbor	01	Pt Lt To Wind Pt Wi 1935CST Ill cluster of thunderstorms pulsed to sev	0 vere limits over la	0 and and then	Marine Tstm Wind (M41) moved out over Lake Michigan
LMZ645 Cudahy	North 21	Pt Lt To Wind Pt Wi 1839CST	0	0	Marine Tstm Wind (M36)
LMZ643 Harrington Bch St Prk	21		0 erged into a sing	0 le complex o	Marine Tstm Wind (E56) ver southern Wisconsin and then moved out over Lake
LMZ646		Pt Lt Wi To Winthrop Hbr II			
Racine	21	1920CST	0	0	Marine Tstm Wind (E44)
LMZ645 Milwaukee Harbor	North 21	Pt Lt To Wind Pt Wi 1930CST	0	0	Marine Tstm Wind (M40)
LMZ645 Milwaukee Harbor	North 21	Pt Lt To Wind Pt Wi 1935CST	0	0	Marine Tstm Wind (M42)
LMZ646 Kenosha	Wind	Pt Lt Wi To Winthrop Hbr II 1940CST	0	0	Marine Tstm Wind (M43)
LMZ646 Racine	Wind	Pt Lt Wi To Winthrop Hbr II 1947CST	0	0	Marine Tstm Wind (E44)

A small cluster of strong thunderstorms pulsed up over southeast Wisconsin and moved out over Lake Michigan, producing measured wind gusts of 40 to 44 kts (46 to 51 mph) at observation sites along the shoreline.

WISCONSIN, Southeast

Sheboygan To Pt Washington Wi

2000CST

WIZ046>047-051>052-056>060-062>072

LMZ643

Sheboygan

Marquette - Green Lake - Fond Du Lac - Sheboygan - Sauk - Columbia - Dodge - Washington - Ozaukee - Iowa - Dane - Jefferson - Waukesha - Milwaukee - Lafayette - Green - Rock - Walworth - Racine - Kenosha

01 0000CST 0 0 4.4M Drought

This drought period in August, 2002, (rated as D0 to D1 - abnormally dry to a mild drought), over south-central and southeast Wisconsin, was a continuation from a drought that began on July 1, 2002. Many farmers saw their corn crop wither, and there were reports that soybeans stopped growing or the pods stopped filling. Alfalfa hay cutting also suffered. Grass growth slowed dramatically, or stopped altogether. Most locations received less than 1 inch of rain for the first 11 days of August. In fact, Milwaukee Mitchell Field only had one day of measurable rainfall (.24 inch) in the first 11 days of August, and Madison's Truax Field only had .61 inch on only one day as well. The area from eastern Rock County east to the western parts of Racine and Kenosha counties continued to be the driest in southern Wisconsin. Newspaper reports indicated that agricultural experts expected the corn crop yield at harvest time in the fall may only be 1/2 to 2/3 of normal, and the outlook for soybeans was worse. Sweet corn yields were expected to be 20 to 30 percent below normal. Some farmers reported that their wheat crop died. Large cracks developed in many fields and the grasshopper populations were above normal. In addition, flowage (cfs) on most rivers and streams was only 15 to 25 percent of normal for early August. Maximum temperatures on August 1st and 11th were in the lower to middle 90s across southern Wisconsin; otherwise maximum readings were only in the 70s and 80s in between. For Summer 2002, Milwaukee Mitchell Field had 19 days with maximum temperatures of 90 or higher (7 in June, 9 in July, and 3 in August), while Madison's Truax Field had 11 days (3 in June, 6 in July, and 2 in August).





Location	Date	Time Local/ Standard	Path Length (Miles)	Path Width (Yards)	Numb Pers Killed		Estin Dar Property	nated nage Crops	Character of Storm	August 2002
WISCONSIN, Souther		Standard	(WIRES)	(Tarus)	Kineu	Injurcu	Troperty	Clops	Character of Storin	
Walworth County 5 NW Delayan	01	1805CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)	
Walworth County									,	
Spring Prairie to Honey Creek	01	1830CST 1835CST			0	0			Hail(1.25)	
Racine County Rochester to Waterford	01	1848CST 1850CST			0	0			Hail(1.75)	
Racine County Racine	01 A sma	1905CST Il cluster of thund	erstorms nuls	ed to severe	0 limits and n	0	arge hail		Funnel Cloud	
Walworth County 3 SSW Whitewater	A sma	1515CST	erstorms puis	ed to severe	nmits and p	oduced 1	20K		Lightning	
	for 2 to Conse	o 4 hours. Due to	the inter-con	nection of ele	ectrical lines	s, a substa	ation near Pa	almyra (Jef	about 8,000 customer ferson County) also su ferson County. Many	stained damage.
Sauk County 4 WNW Plain	11	1515CST			0	0			Hail(1.50)	
Sauk County 4.7 SE Black Hawk	11	1540CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)	
Dane County 1 S Mazomanie	11	1605CST			0	0			Hail(0.75)	
Dane County Pine Bluff to 2 E Pine Bluff	11	1705CST 1720CST			0	0	200K	100K	Hail(2.00)	
Dane County Pine Bluff to 2 E Pine Bluff	11	1705CST 1705CST 1720CST			0	0	100K		Thunderstorm Wi	nd (E70)
Dane County Waunakee to 1 N Waunakee	11	1705CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wi	and (E56)
Dane County Pine Bluff to 2 E Pine Bluff	11	1715CST 1900CST			0	0	100K	100K	Flash Flood	

One to two-hour rainfall amounts related to downburst/flash flood event of 08/11/02.

A cluster of severe thunderstorms dumped large hail in parts of southern Sauk County, and then dissipated. Another cluster of severe thunderstorms blossomed over western Dane County, resulting in wind, hail, and flash flood damage in the Pine Bluff area, west of the Madison metro-area. In the Pine Bluff area, hurricane-force downburst winds reached estimated speeds of 70 kts (80 mph), resulting in toppled trees and power lines. The fringe effects of this powerful macro-burst resulted in some tree damage north to the Cross Plains to Middleton area. The thunderstorm cluster also produced hail up to 2 inches in diameter in the Pine Bluff area, resulting in major damage to at least 100 vehicles, and to roofs and siding of homes. A one-mile swath of corn was leveled on the north side of Pine Bluff. Up to 4.50 inches of rain fell in the Pine Bluff area in a short period of time, resulting in flash flooding that washed out gravel shoulders of several roads in the Pine Bluff to Middleton area. At least a dozen homes sustained water damage to basement contents due to accumulating water up to 5 feet in depth. Powerful thunderstorm winds also damaged trees and power lines in the Waunakee area north of Madison. The concentration of damage in the Pine Bluff was the result of a series of thunderstorm cells developing in a stationary initiation location in western Dane County. As each cell developed and moved east-northeast, a new cell would would replace it on the backside, aprocess referred to as "back-building." Thunderstorm development was focused by strong warm-air advection between the surface and 10,000 feet above ground coupled with strong surface moisture convergence from eastern Iowa into south-central Wisconsin. Surface dewpoints were in the 60s.





	ъ.	Time Local/	Path Length (Miles)	Path Width	Number Person	ons	Estimated Damage	GI () SG	August 2002
Location	Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property Crops	Character of Storm	
WISCONSIN, Souther	<u>east</u>								
Ozaukee County 2.8 E Grafton	12	1400CST			0	0	15K	Lightning	
Waukesha County Elm Grove	12	1830CST			0	0	250K	Lightning	
Rock County Janesville	12	1845CST			0	0	20K	Lightning	
Waukesha County Waukesha	12	1900CST 2200CST			0	0	20K	Flash Flood	
Milwaukee County Wauwatosa	12	1930CST 2200CST			0	0	10K	Flash Flood	
Walworth County 3.5 NNW East Troy	12	2015CST 2230CST	1		0	0 	5K	Flash Flood	
	7.8 3.1 2.8	August 1 eavy Rain - ased on radar observer repo 0" Waukesha 3.17 0" N. Prairie 3.00' 5" Hartford 2.85' 3" Milwaukee Mitch	Flash Fleestimation rts "West Allis Palmyra Whitewater nell Field Madison 1"			5	Sheboygan Port Pashington Hilwaukee 		

A series of thunderstorms with heavy rains repeatedly trained through a corridor from northwest of East Troy (Walworth Co.) to Waukesha (Co.) to the Wauwatosa area (Milwaukee Co.), resulting in flash flooding damage. Area rivers and streams quickly rose about 1 foot above bankfull and many low-lying roads had fast-moving currents of water up to 4 feet deep flowing across them. Mud-slides and gravel shoulder washouts were noted, as well as several stalled vehicles. An Amateur Radio operator in the Waukesha city area measured a total of 7.8 inches of rain in about 4 hours. Other hams and volunteer spotters reported 5 to 7 inches back southwest into Walworth County. In Wauwatosa, a golf course along the Menomonee flooded over when that river exceeded its bank. Spotters noted that visibilities were reduced to below 1/4 mile in the heavy downpours. The combination of numerous lightning strikes and gusty winds of 35 to 39 kts (40 to 45 mph) across southeast Wisconsin left about 30,000 customers without electrical power; in some cases until the afternoon of the next day. The gusty winds broke small tree branches which then struck power lines. An Elm Grove (Waukesha Co.) home was struck by lightning which started a fire that gutted the 2nd floor. A lightning strike on the south side of Janesville knocked a substation out for almost 2 hours. Lightning struck a home east of Grafton (Ozaukee Co.) near Lake Michigan. An attic fire resulted in a small fire, and the home's electrical circuits were damaged. Outside the flash flood areas, rainfall amounts were generally in the 1 to 3 inch range, which signaled the end of the light to moderate drought that affected south-central and southeast Wisconsin since the end of June, 2002. Milwaukee Mitchell Field received 2.32 inches of rain for August 12th, a new daily record, breaking the old record of 1.30 inches set back in 1879.





		Time Local/	Path Length	Length Width		Number of Persons		ated nage	August 2002	
Location	Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property	Crops	Character of Storm	
WISCONSIN, Southea	<u>st</u>									
Milwaukee County										
Countywide	13	1330CST 2200CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld	
Waukesha County										
Waukesha	13	1330CST 2200CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld	
Ozaukee County										
Port Washington	13	1400CST 1600CST			0	1			Urban/Sml Stream Fld	
Jefferson County										
1.8 SW Ft Atkinson to .5 N Cold Spg	13	1602CST 1616CST	4.5	50	0	0	5K		Tornado (F0)	

A weak tornado spun up 1.8 miles southwest of Ft. Atkinson near the Rock River, and proceeded to move east-southeast across the far southern parts of the city to just north of the intersection of Hwy 89 and M, and then across rural, farm locations to a point just west of N about .5 mile north of Cold Spring. Maximum wind speeds were estimated to be in the 52 to 61 kts (60 to 70) mph range based on F0 damage left behind. Some light damage to shingles and siding was noted on several residential homes. Several large trees were uprooted, and loose lumber and debris was picked up at a lumber yard. At other locations along the path, lawn furniture and other objects were overturned or displaced. Eyewitness reports indicated that the condensation funnel was not visible all the way to the ground, but they noted that dirt was ingested into the circulation, thereby making the tornado visible at ground level. There were no fatalities or injuries. Meteorologically, the tornado was the result of two thunderstorm cells, in a line of storms along a cold front, merging just southwest of Ft. Atkinson. No other severe weather was reported.

Several clusters of thunderstorms with heavy rains developed over and moved northeast across southeast Wisconsin out ahead of a cold front on August 13, 2002, resulting in urban and small stream flooding in Waukesha, Milwaukee, and Ozaukee counties. Rainfall totals were in the 2 to 4 range. In addition, gust winds of 35 to 43 kts (40 to 50 mph) accompanied the storms, resulting in broken tree branches. On the south side of the city of Waukesha, 1.5 inches of rain fell in 20 minutes in the afternoon, once again sending small streams out of their banks and allowing water to accumulate in low-lying areas. The 2-day rain total at this location near the corner of Hwy 164 and CTY I was 8.80 inches! Also on the 13th in the afternoon, 3.4 inches of rain fell at the home of an Amateur Radio operator in the southeast part of the city of Milwaukee. Urban flooding resulted. Some closed roads in both Waukesha and Milwaukee Counties had 3 feet of water on them. Urban flooding affected the Port Washington area (Ozaukee Co.) after about 2 inches of rain fell in about 75 minutes during the afternoon hours. A couple roads were closed in that city. Urban flooding was also reported in Ft. Atkinson (Jefferson Co.) after the tornado event. Heavy rains in this city produced swift currents that knocked a boy down, sending him through a culvert. He was rescued by the Fire Department, and treated for slight injuries

Sauk County La Valle	17	0517CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Dane County Madison	17	0605CST	0	0	30K	Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Columbia County Arlington	17	0606CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)

Scattered severe thunderstorms popped up over parts of south-central Wisconsin during the early morning hours. Powerful downburst winds estimated in the 52 to 56 kts (60 to 65 mph) range toppled large trees. Tree debris hit several power lines in the Madison area, resulting in some power outages.



Green County 3.4 NW Monroe to Albany

Rock County

5 SW Edgerton to 5 SE Edgerton

21

21

1805CST 1810CST

1805CST 1810CST

National Weather Service Storm Data and Unusual Weather Phenomena



Location	Date	Time Local/ Standard	Path Length (Miles)	Path Width (Yards)		ber of sons Injured	Estin Dar Property	nated nage Crops	August 2002 Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Southeas	<u>st</u>								
Iowa County Rewey	21	1628CST			0	0	25K		Thunderstorm Wind (E65)
Fond Du Lac County Ripon	21	1630CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Sauk County 1 SW Limeridge	21	1635CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Iowa County Mineral Pt	21	1645CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Lafayette County Leadmine	21	1645CST 1650CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Sauk County 5 NW West Baraboo to Baraboo	21	1645CST 1655CST			0	0	5K		Thunderstorm Wind (E61)
Dane County 5 NNW Cross Plains	21	1700CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Lafayette County 5 SSE Gratiot	21	1700CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Lafayette County 2 SW Lamont to 1 ENE Lamont	21	1705CST 1708CST			0	0	110K		Thunderstorm Wind (E70)
Marquette County Briggsville to Montello	21	1705CST 1710CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Columbia County 1 SE Lewiston	21	1710CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Dane County Belleville	21	1730CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Fond Du Lac County Fond Du Lac	21	1730CST 2000CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Fond Du Lac County .6 S Lamartine to 3.7 NNW Oakfield	21	1741CST	0.6	30	0	0			Tornado (F0)
on in the calaboration	moved speeds	east-southeast a , based on damag	nd crossed Hv ge to vegetation	vy Y before n, was estim	dissipating ated about	g. A few 52 to 61 l	trees were tkts (60 to 7	uprooted as 0 mph). A	he intersection of Hwy 151 and TC. It nd some grasses were flattened. Wind amateur Radio operators who observed to rain-wrapping and haze
Dane County Belleville	21	1745CST 1900CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Jefferson County Watertown	21	1800CST 1900CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld

0

25K

Thunderstorm Wind (E61)

Thunderstorm Wind (E56)





Location	Date	Time Local/ Standard	Path Length (Miles)	Path Width (Yards)	Number of Persons Killed Injured		Estima Dam Property	ated age Crops	August 2002
WISCONSIN, Southeas	<u>t</u>								
Fond Du Lac County 3 SE Oakfield	21	1808CST 1810CST			0	0	100K	1K	Thunderstorm Wind (E70)
Jefferson County 4 W Ft Atkinson	21	1814CST			0	0			Funnel Cloud
Dane County 3 SW Albion to Albion	21	1815CST 1825CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E61)
Rock County Clinton	21	1820CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Rock County Janesville	21	1820CST			0	0	2.5K		Lightning
Jefferson County 3.5 ESE Rome	21	1825CST 1827CST			0	0		2K	Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Rock County Edgerton	21	1825CST 2000CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Rock County 2 S Newark	21	1830CST 2000CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Sheboygan County Plymouth	21	1830CST			0	0	5K		Lightning
Jefferson County Busseyville	21	1840CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Walworth County Richmond Waykesho County	21	1840CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Waukesha County Waukesha	21	1845CST 2000CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Waukesha County 1 NE Waukesha Co Arpt 2.7 E Capitol Drive Arpt	21	1845CST 1855CST			0	0	2M		Thunderstorm Wind (E87)
Dodge County 1 E Neosho	21	1850CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Walworth County 1.5 S Elkhorn	21	1851CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Ozaukee County Port Washington	21	1900CST 2100CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Ozaukee County Fredonia	21	1902CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Dane County Marshall	21	1905CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Racine County Waterford to Tichigan	21	1905CST 1910CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E61)
Washington County Germantown	21	1907CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Waukesha County 3 S Waukesha	21	1910CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (M56)





		Time	Path	Path	Numb		Estin		August 2002
Location	Date	Local/ Standard	Length (Miles)	Width (Yards)	Killed	sons Injured	Property	nage Crops	Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Southeas	<u>t</u>								
Milwaukee County West Allis to Milwaukee	21	1912CST 1925CST			0	0	50K		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Kenosha County Twin Lakes to Silver Lake	21	1915CST 1925CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Milwaukee County Timmerman Arpt	21	1915CST			0	0	5.1M		Thunderstorm Wind (E70)
Washington County 4 E West Bend	21	1915CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Racine County Sturtevant to Wind Pt	21	1920CST 1935CST			0	0	1M		Thunderstorm Wind (E74)
Milwaukee County Cudahy to South Milwaukee	21	1930CST 1935CST			0	0	100K		Thunderstorm Wind (E65)
Racine County 1.2 E Horlick Racine Arp	21	1930CST			0	0	10K		Lightning
Racine County Racine	21	1930CST			0	0	5K		Lightning
Sheboygan County Cedar Grove to Oostburg	21	1930CST 2130CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Green County Juda to Brodhead	21	2043CST 2050CST			0	0			Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Milwaukee County Fox Pt	21	2100CST			0	0	500K		Lightning
Milwaukee County White Fish Bay	21	2100CST			0	0	1K		Lightning
Waukesha County 3 SE Delafield	21	2130CST			0	0	3K		Lightning
Waukesha County 1.5 S Hartland	21	2135CST			0	0	5K		Lightning
Lafayette County Benton to 5 SSE Gratiot	22	0320CST 0600CST			0	0			Urban/Sml Stream Fld
	The co	waren waathar and	I flooding th	at affacted	much of a	outh contr	uas bear le	thoost Wis	page on August 21 2002 into the

The severer weather and flooding that affected much of south-central and southeast Wisconsin on August 21, 2002, into the pre-dawn hours of the 22nd, was probably the most widespread and significant outbreak for the 2002 warm-season. Just about every type of weather phenomena was observed: a tornado; a funnel cloud; powerful, hurricane-force, downburst winds that uprooted trees and damaged buildings; torrential rains reducing visibilities to 100 feet; urban and small stream flooding; numerous lightning strikes - some that resulted in fire damage; and the early stages of a ground-based vortex that never made it to tornado status. Clusters and short lines of thunderstorms ahead of a cold front eventually merged into a single complex that moved west to east across southern Wisconsin. Surface dewpoints were in the lower 70s and maximum afternoon temperatures were in the mid to upper 80s. At least 56,000 customers in southeast Wisconsin lost electrical power thanks to lightning strikes, and tree damage to power lines. One of the worst lightning strikes was in Fox Point (Milwaukee Co.), where a lightning fire burned a home to the ground. In the city of Racine (Racine Co.), lightning blew a home's windows out.

Near Rewey (Iowa Co.), the thunderstorm winds blew the roof of a building, and flattened a farm shed. Just southwest of Lamont (Lafayette Co.), the winds blew an attached garage off a home, demolished an old barn whose pieces were pushed onto a road, and leveled several large trees. North of Baraboo (Sauk Co.), the winds pushed a tree on to a home, and damaged siding and cables on another home. A weak F0 tornado spun up in the rural area north-northwest of Oakfield (Fond du Lac Co.), but damage was limited to vegetation. The discussion on this tornado can be found as a separate August 21, 2002 episode in this publication. About 3 miles southeast of Oakfield, a gustnado (Thunderstorm Wind event) with estimated wind speeds of 61 to 70 kts (70 to 80 mph) tore off a pole shed's roof, demolished yard furniture, and severely damaged another building. Some corn crop was also damaged. Based on





Time Local/ Length Width Persons Damage Location Date Standard (Miles) (Yards) Killed Injured Property Crops Character of Storm

WISCONSIN, Southeast

WSWR-88D imagery, it appears that the convergence of two gust fronts initiated the gustnado. North-northeast of Monroe (Green Co.) a shed was blown onto a road and further northeast near Albany a farm wagon was blown on to a road. Partial roof damage occurred southwest of Albion (Dane Co.) as the storms moved through. A trained spotter on the west shore of Rock Lake in the city of Lake Mills (Jefferson Co.) observed a circulation whip up 3-foot tall waves with white caps on the lake while also observing a wall cloud above. This vortex never spun up to cloud base, which would have classified it a tornado. No damage was noted. A weak gustnado on a gust front, with estimated winds of 52 to 61 kts (60 to 70 mph) damaged some corn and trees just 1/4 mile to the west of the Milwaukee/Sullivan NWS office east of Rome. An incredibly powerful macroburst tore through the area from just northeast of the Waukesha County airport northeastward through Pewaukee to that part of Brookfield east of Capital Drive Airport. Estimated wind speeds reach 100 mph based on a measured gust of 98 mph at a home south of Green Rd. near Duplainville, in the Town of Brookfield. At the intersection of I-94 and Hwy T, the steel support posts for road signs were twisted by the winds. At least 8 homes southeast of Duplainville had damage ranging from blown-out windows and damaged chimneys to roof damage, toppled street lights, and a demolished garage. One house was slightly shifted off it foundation; obviously it wasn't well-anchored to its foundation. In the city of Brookfield there were two localized areas where large trees were uprooted: in the Camelot Park area and in the Beverly Hills Park area. A large tree fell onto a home's screened porch, resulting in severe damage. A couple other homes had some minor gutter, siding, and window damage as large tree branches scraped the sides while falling. The powerful winds also hit Milwaukee County hard. An estimated wind gust of at least 70 kts (80 mph) ripped a 100-foot long blimp from its mooring at Timmerman Field, allowing the blimp to fly about 6 blocks and damage 4 homes on impact. The winds blew water through the flaps that cover the edges of the retractable roof panels of Miller Park in Milwaukee, resulting in a saturated playing field, and some wet spectators. In Cudahy an eight-car garage's roof was removed by the winds, and 3 stalls collapsed, based on Amateur Radio reports. A picnic shelter and several other garages and businesses on College Ave. near Lake Michigan also sustained some damage. In the city of South Milwaukee, a business's sign and fence were destroyed by the winds. Another powerful hurricane-force microburst moved northeast through Sturtevant (Racine Co.) through the north side of the city of Racine to Wind Point. The roof of an apartment building in Racine was partially ripped off by the winds. In addition, large trees were uprooted and several other homes suffered slight damage from felled trees and tree branches. Farther west in the Waterford area, a 2-story tall grain bin was lifted off the ground and moved 15 feet by the winds, while nearby large trees were damaged.

Torrential rainfalls up to the rate of 1 inch in 15 to 20 minutes were common with many of the storms, resulting in scattered areas of urban and small stream flooding. The rainfall rate at one location in the city of Milwaukee peaked at over 6 inches per hour! Combined late-afternoon and evening rainfall totals reached 1 to 3 inches across much of south-central and southeast Wisconsin. The southern part of Lafayette County near the Illinois border received up to 5 to 6 inches of rain (based on WSR-88D Doppler radar rainfall estimates) due to repeated rounds of thunderstorms moving west to east across that area. In Gratiot, 4.10 inches were measured, but this location was north of the area that had greater amounts. Just across the border in the northwestern Illinois counties of Jo Daviess and Stephenson spotters measured over 10 inches of rain! Luckily for Lafayette County, which has hilly terrain, the rains came in several rounds and resulted in only urban/small stream flooding, rather than flash flooding.

LAKE MICHIGAN

LMZ644 Grafton	Pt Washington To North Pt Lt Wi 02 2115CST	0	0	Marine Tstm Wind (E52)
LMZ643	Sheboygan To Pt Washington Wi			
Sheboygan	02 2120CST	0	0	Marine Tstm Wind (E52)
	Clusters and short lines of severe thunde	erstorms moved out over	er Lake Michigan	
WISCONSIN, South	heast_			

Marquette County Montello	02	2000CST			0	0	Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Fond Du Lac County North Fond Du Lac	02	2005CST			0	0	Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Fond Du Lac County Ripon	02	2005CST			0	0	Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Fond Du Lac County 1 NNW Brandon	02	2006CST	0.1	30	0	0	Tornado (F0)

A brief tornado spun up just north-northwest of the village of Brandon, as a cluster of severe storms moved east across Fond du Lac County. Law enforcement officials observed some tree damage.





		Time Local/	Path Length	Path Width	Numb Pers	ons	Estimated Damage	September 2002
Location WICCONCIN Conthe	Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property Crops	Character of Storm
WISCONSIN, Souther	ast							
Fond Du Lac County								
1 N Eden	02	2030CST 2031CST	0.3	75	0	0	750K	Tornado (F1)
	damag	ge was noted on t	he western-mo	st barn. In a	addition, sor	ne trees v		ree, large, cover-all, dairy barns. Severe d limbs ripped off. The three barns were ired.
Washington County West Bend	02	2105CST			0	0	2K	Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Ozaukee County								
Grafton	02	2115CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Sheboygan County Sheboygan	02	2120CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E52)
Waukesha County								
North Lake to Sussex	02	2140CST 2150CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (M58)
WIZ058>059-064>065-	indivi tree b mph).	dual tornado ever ranches snapped	nts for details. some power ling Sashington Co.	Numerous nes. Amater), a house tra	large trees v ur radio ope ailer was blo	were topp: rators in own over,	led in some location Waukesha County 1	n Fond du Lac County. Refer to those as by the downburst winds, while broken measured peak wind gust of 58 knots (67 ed, by the powerful winds.
069>070			Jenerson - W	aukesna - K				_
	06	0400CST 0900CST			0	0		Fog
		e fog developed o ing in a few vehic					east Wisconsin. Vis	ibilities were reduced to zero to 1/4 mile,
Jefferson County 2.7 SW Cold Spg	09	1440CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
Walworth County 2.5 SW Whitewater	09	1500CST			0	0		Hail(0.75)
2.3 5 W Wintewater			er of slow-mo	ving severe t			d some large hail.	11an(0.73)
Racine County	40	4.50 CCT			•		•	***
Burlington Racine County	19	1250CST			0	0	2K	Lightning
Burlington to 3.8 SE Waterford	19	1255CST 1310CST			0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E56)
Walworth County Walworth	19	1400CST 1600CST			0	0		Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Kenosha County Kenosha	19	1445CST 1630CST			0	0		Urban/Sml Stream Fld
Washington County West Bend	19 Fast-n	1630CST	understorms sy	wept through	0 southeast V	0 Visconsin	10K , resulting in power	Lightning ful downburst winds that leveled trees in

Fast-moving, severe thunderstorms swept through southeast Wisconsin, resulting in powerful downburst winds that leveled trees in western Racine County. In addition, cloudbursts dumped 1.02 inches of rain in the city of Kenosha (Kenosha Co.), and 1.80 inches of rain in Lake Geneva within 30 to 60 minutes, triggering some urban flooding in both locations. Lightning struck a couple power stations (location unknown), resulting in the loss of electricity for 5370 residents in Racine and Kenosha counties. Lightning struck





Time Path Path Number of Estimated September 2002 Location Date Standard (Miles) (Yards) Killed Injured Property Crops Character of Storm

WISCONSIN, Southeast

a West Bend (Washington Co.) home, triggering small fires and damaging structural and electrical components. Lightning struck near a Burlington (Racine Co.) home, blowing out a window, and toppling trees that side-swiped and lightly damaged two neighboring homes.

Kenosha County Trevor

29 0600CST 0 0 1M Lightning

Lightning struck a cork-producing business and probably produced sparks that ignited insulation in the attic. A slow-burning fire resulted, and eventually is became a major fire later in the day. This western Kenosha County business sustained significant structural and contents damage. The time of the lightning strike is an estimation by fire department officials, since several rounds of thunderstorms moved through the western Kenosha County area during the early morning hours.



Sheboygan

National Weather Service Storm Data and Unusual Weather Phenomena



Marine Tstm Wind (M46)

		Time Local/	Path Length	Path Width	Numb Pers	per of sons	Estin Dar	nated nage	October 2002
Location	Date	Standard	(Miles)	(Yards)	Killed	Injured	Property	Crops	Character of Storm
LAKE MICHIGAN									
LMZ645	North P	t Lt To Wind Pt	Wi						
4 SE Milwaukee Harbor Milwaukee Harbor	04	0954CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M38)
LMZ646	Wind P	t Lt Wi To Winth	rop Hbr II						
2 S Wind Point	04	0957CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M36)
LMZ644	Pt Wasl	hington To North	Pt Lt Wi						
1.8 N North Point Lthous North Point Lthouse	04	1000CST			0	0			Marine Tstm Wind (M37)
LMZ643	Sheboys	gan To Pt Washir	ngton Wi						

0

A line of intense showers moved east through southeast Wisconsin and out over Lake Michigan, producing strong wind gusts from the southwest to west. This line of showers moved through an atmosphere that already had winds of 35 to 61 kts (40 to 70 mph) between 2 and 10 thousand feet above the ground. Mixing of air inside and near the downdraft/rain showers allowed for the transfer of these stronger winds down to the surface.

0

WISCONSIN, Southeast

1000CST

Walworth County Darien to Fontana	04	0855CST	0	0	25K	Thunderstorm Wind (E58)
Waukesha County 2.2 SE Eagle	04	0900CST	0	0	50K	Thunderstorm Wind (E61)
Waukesha County Oconomowoc to 1 S Hartland	04	0903CST 0920CST	0	0	300K	Thunderstorm Wind (M64)
Racine County Burlington to Racine	04	0925CST 0940CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (E54)
Washington County Germantown	04	0925CST	0	0		Thunderstorm Wind (M54)
Sheboygan County Sheboygan	04	0940CST	0	0	2K	Thunderstorm Wind (M58)

During the mid-morning hours of October 4, 2002, a line of convective showers, orientated north to south moved east through south-central and southeast Wisconsin, and produced strong, gusty west winds generally in the 35 to 48 kt (40 to 55 mph) range with scattered reports of 52 to 61 kts (60 to 70 mph), an isolated "gustnado", and heavy rains. There were several reports of uprooted trees, etc. Interestingly, no thunder or lightning was reported by spotters or the general public, nor did any cloud-to-ground lightning strikes register on the national lightning detection network. However, off-duty National Weather Service (NWS) employees in Oconomowoc (Waukesha Co.) observed some cloud-to-cloud lightning. The line of convective showers was moving through an atmosphere that already had winds of 35 to 61 kts (40 to 70 mph) between 2 and 10 thousand feet above the ground. Mixing of air inside and near the downdraft/rain showers allowed for the transfer of these stronger winds down to the surface

As the line of showers moved through the remainder of southeast Wisconsin, it briefly intensified in scattered locations such that winds gusts over 48 kts (55 mph) were noted. A wind gust of 56 kts (65 mph) occurred at an Oconomowoc about 0900CST, a wind gust of 54 kts (62 mph) was measured in Germantown (Washington Co.) by a storm spotter about 0925CST, a 74 mph gust from the west-southwest was measured at the home of an Amateur Radio operator about 1 mile south of Hartland (Waukesha Co.) at about 0920CST, and a 58 kt (67 mph) gust was reported from a Sheboygan (Sheboygan Co.) school/TV network site. The 74 mph wind gust was associated with a "gustnado" that tore the roof off a home just two doors away on Manchester Lane. Across the street an apartment building sustained roof damage, and two support columns for the front door overhang were toppled. A sliding glass door on the 2nd floor of the apartment building was sucked out of the wall. In addition, a large 60-foot tree on an adjacent street was pushed over onto the roof a home, resulting in damage. Several other large trees were uprooted, and roof shingles were lifted off on a couple homes. Another apartment building sustained damage to a wooden deck. Just west of Hartland, the high winds knocked over a flat-bed farm trailer. On the west side of Eagle Springs Lake (Waukesha Co.) the powerful winds uprooted large trees, which damaged the roof of one residence, damaged a boat house, and two boats on trailers. In addition, the winds destroyed another boat house





Time Path Path Number of Estimated October 2002

Location Date Standard (Miles) (Yards) Killed Injured Property Crops Character of Storm

WISCONSIN, Southeast

Elsewhere in southeast Wisconsin, the Oconomowoc area had uprooted trees and toppled power lines, with one home sustaining damage due to a toppled tree. In Racine County the powerful winds uprooted trees and knocked tree branches loose which hit some power lines. Small tree branches were also knocked loose in all of the other southeastern Wisconsin counties. At least 8000 customers in southeast Wisconsin lost electrical power. Total rainfall associated with the showers ranged from 0.50 to 1.00 inches. Monetary damage amounts listed above are rough estimates.

WIZ052-060

Sheboygan - Ozaukee

11 0200CST 0830CST 0

Fog

Shallow dense fog developed over parts of Sheboygan and Ozaukee counties during the overnight hours, and persisted to about 0830CST. The dense fog, reducing visibilities to zero to 1/4 mile, was a factor in three closely-spaced, but separate multi-vehicle accidents in Sheboygan County (total of 50 vehicles), and one two-vehicle accident in northern Ozaukee County. In Sheboygan County, the three multi-vehicle accidents occurred around 0615 to 0620CST, on a stretch of Interstate-43 southeast of Cedar Grove. The southern-most of the three, involving 34 vehicles, resulted in 10 fatalities and 40 injuries. The interstate southeast of Cedar Grove is situated very close to Lake Michigan, where weak onshore flow of only 1-3 mph concentrated evaporated moisture off the relatively warm. Lake Michigan waters. In that vicinity, the fog was especially dense, and newspaper articles reported that some drivers described the exceptionally dense fog as a whiteout, unavoidable, and unanticipated. Some drivers involved in the accident said they could look up and see blue sky, but couldn't see 5 feet in front of them. Additionally, law enforcement officials indicated that some of the drivers involved in the killer pile-up were probably driving too fast for the weather conditions. It is possible that sunlight at a low angle penetrating the shallow dense fog made visibilities worse due to scattering of light. Another two-vehicle accident occurred on the northwest corner of Belgium in northern Ozaukee county, resulting in 1 death and 1 injury. M52VE, M26VE, M38VE, M45VE, M36VE, M45VE, M25VE, M63VE, F24VE, F49VE, F14VE